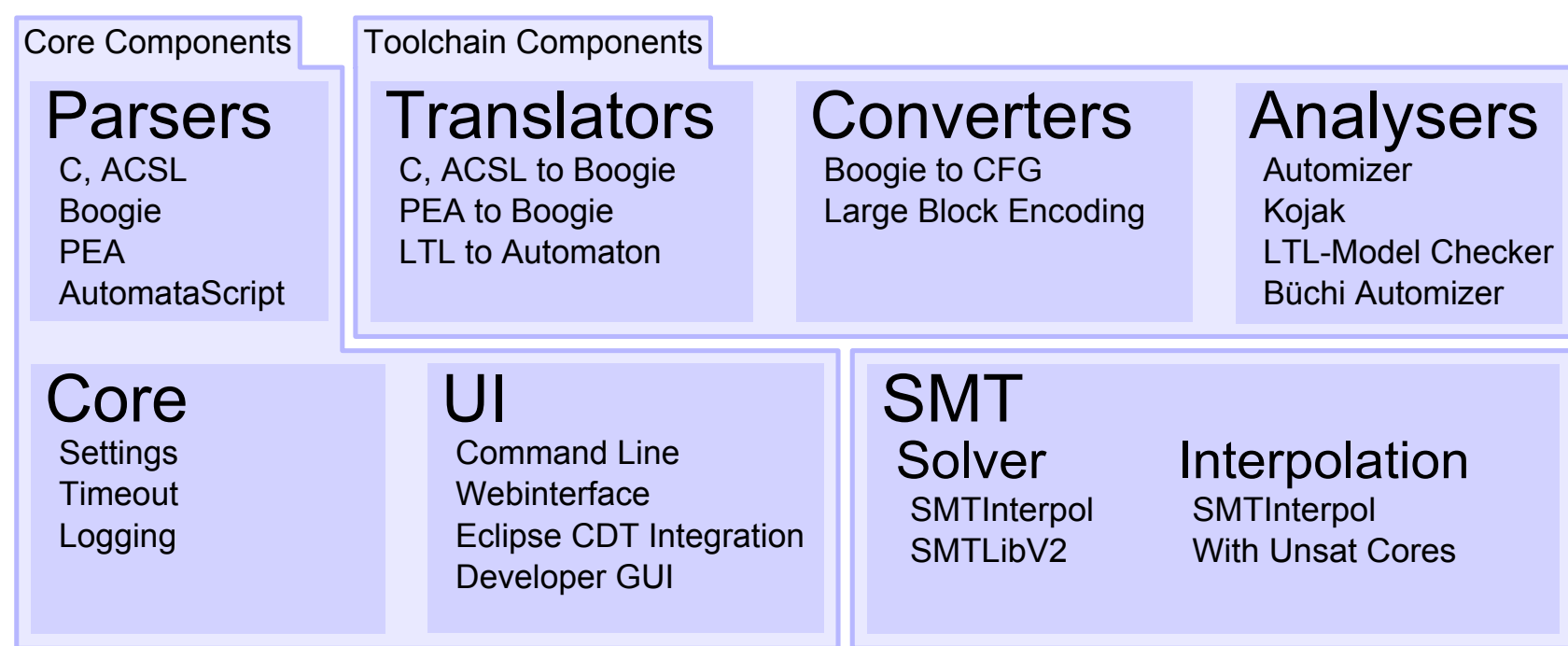


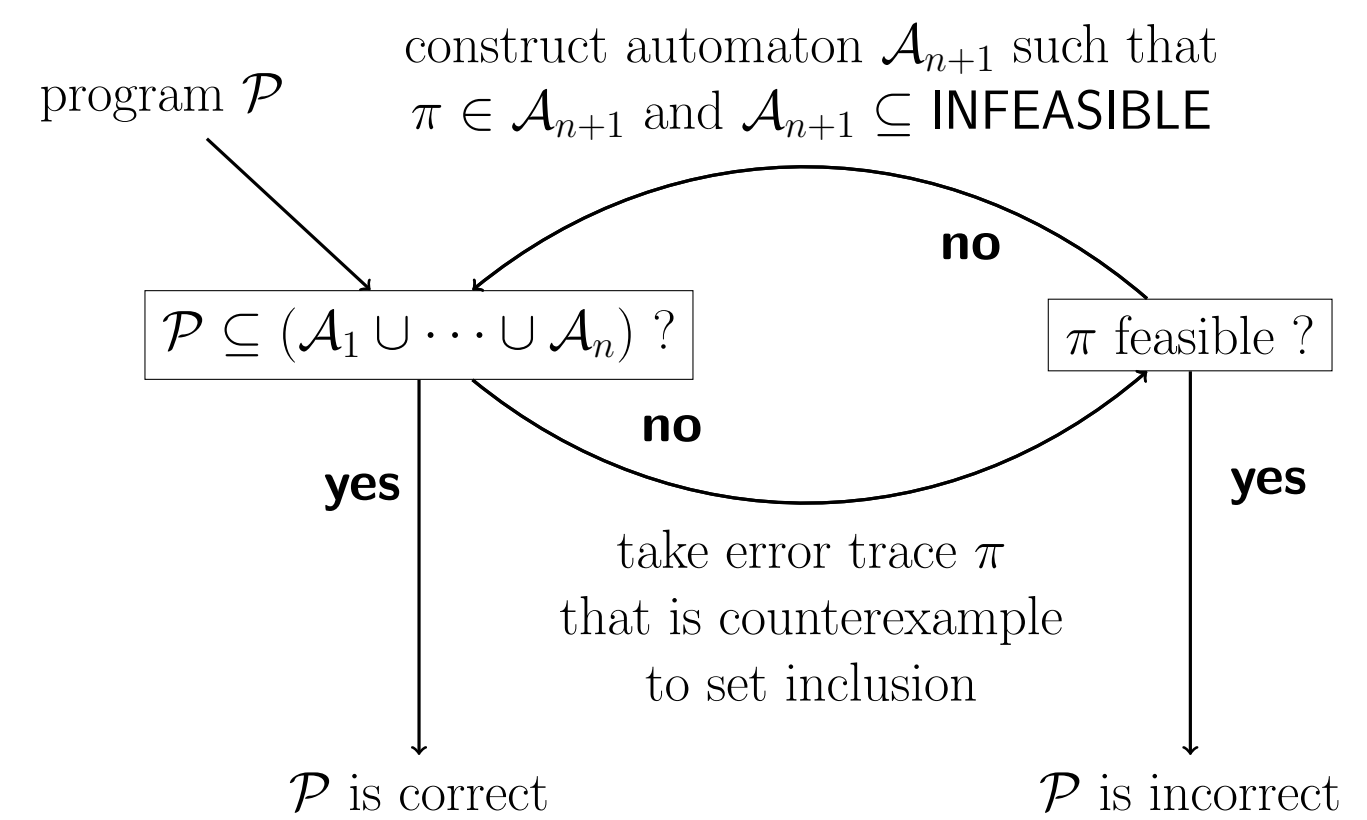
ULTIMATE Automizer

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Ultimate program analysis framework

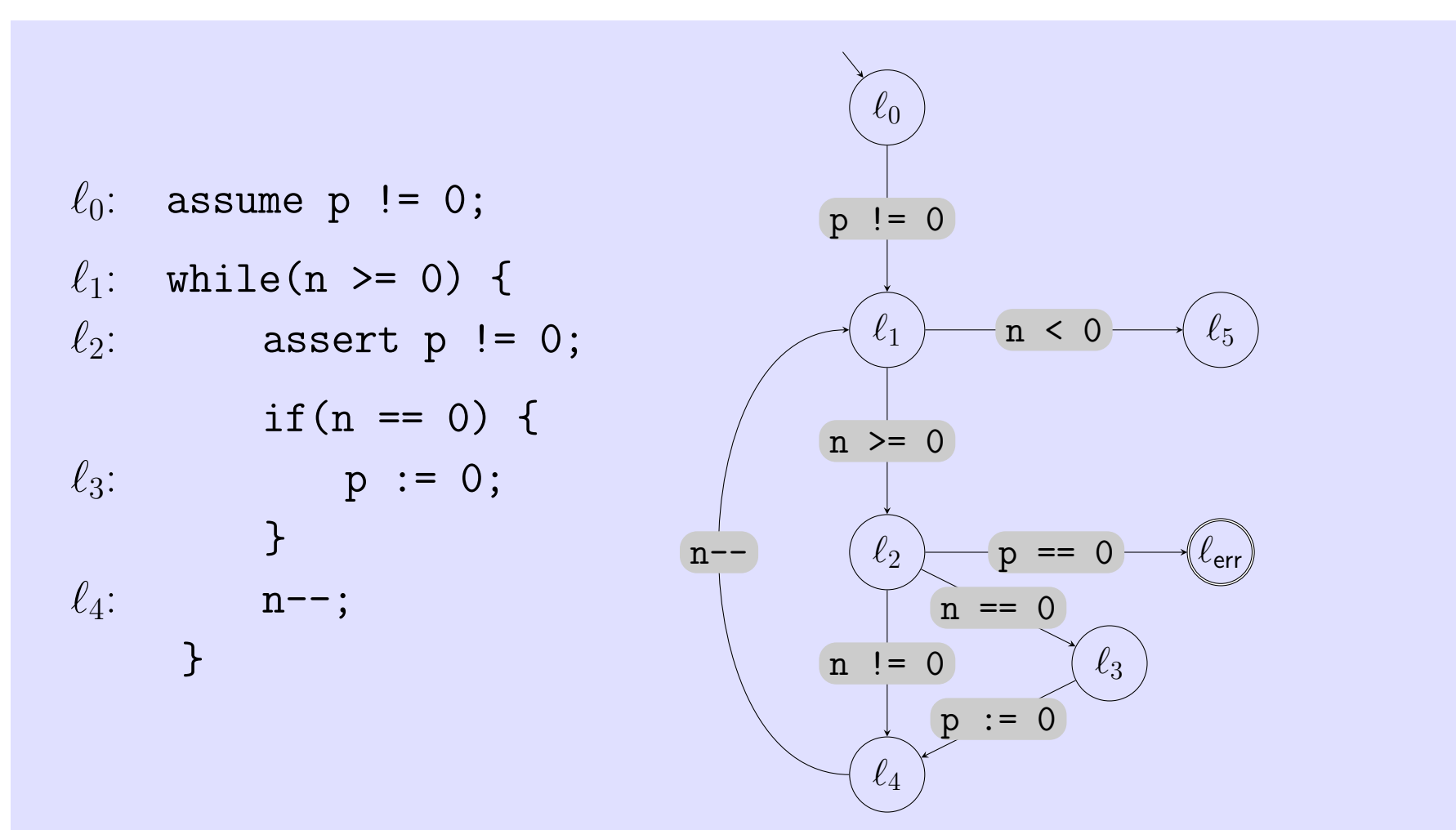


Automizer algorithm

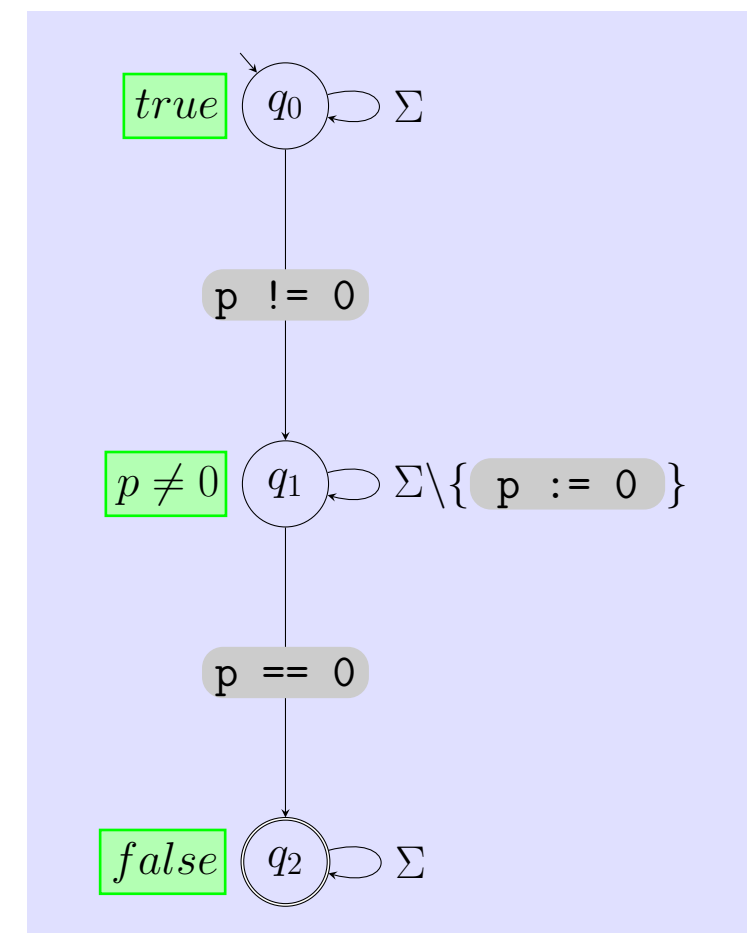


Automata-theoretic proof of program correctness

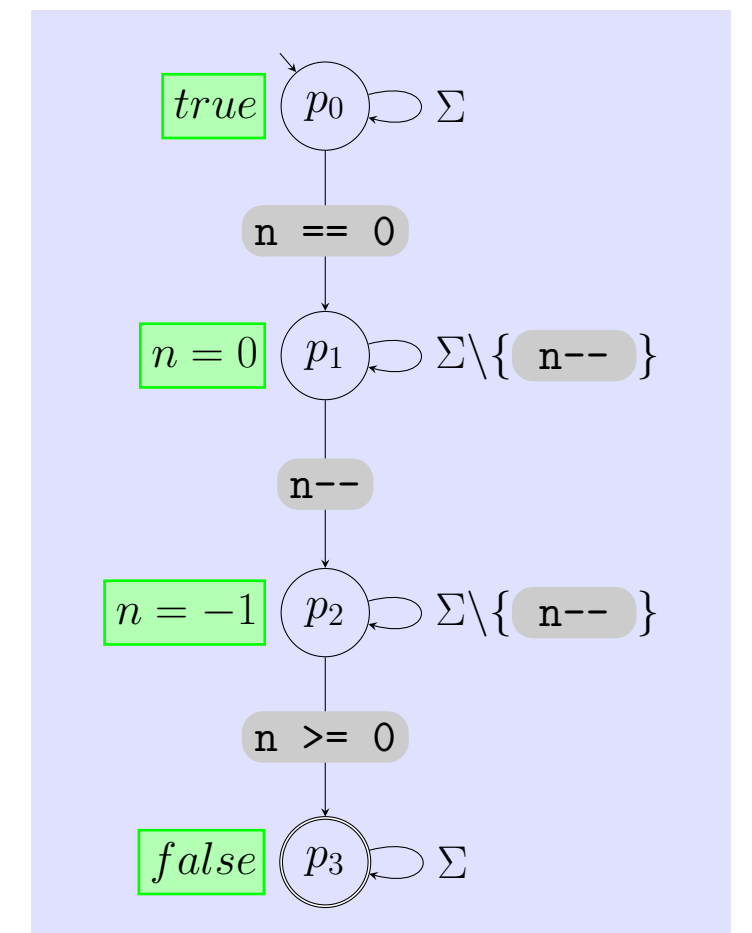
Program \mathcal{P} is correct because each error trace is infeasible, i.e. the inclusion $\mathcal{P} \subseteq \mathcal{A}_1 \cup \mathcal{A}_2$ holds.



Program / automaton \mathcal{P} whose language is the set of error traces.



Automaton \mathcal{A}_1 whose language is a set of infeasible traces.



Automaton \mathcal{A}_2 whose language is a set of infeasible traces.

- Alphabet: set of program statements
 $\Sigma = \{ \text{p} \neq 0, \text{n} < 0, \text{n} \geq 0, \text{p} == 0, \text{n} == 0, \text{n} != 0, \text{p} := 0, \text{n} -- \}$
- The language of \mathcal{P} is the set of error traces.
- In the first iteration, we analyze feasibility of the error trace $\pi_1 = \text{p} \neq 0 \text{ n} \geq 0 \text{ p} == 0$. π_1 is infeasible. Via interpolation, we obtain the following Hoare triples.

$\{ \text{true} \}$	$\text{p} \neq 0$	$\{ \text{p} \neq 0 \}$
$\{ \text{p} \neq 0 \}$	$\text{n} \geq 0$	$\{ \text{p} \neq 0 \}$
$\{ \text{p} \neq 0 \}$	$\text{p} == 0$	$\{ \text{false} \}$
- We construct the automaton \mathcal{A}_1 such that its language is the set of all traces whose infeasibility can be shown using the predicates true , $\text{p} \neq 0$, and false .
- Analogously, in the second iteration the automaton \mathcal{A}_2 is constructed.
- We check the inclusion $\mathcal{P} \subseteq \mathcal{A}_1 \cup \mathcal{A}_2$ and conclude that each error trace is infeasible and hence \mathcal{P} is correct.

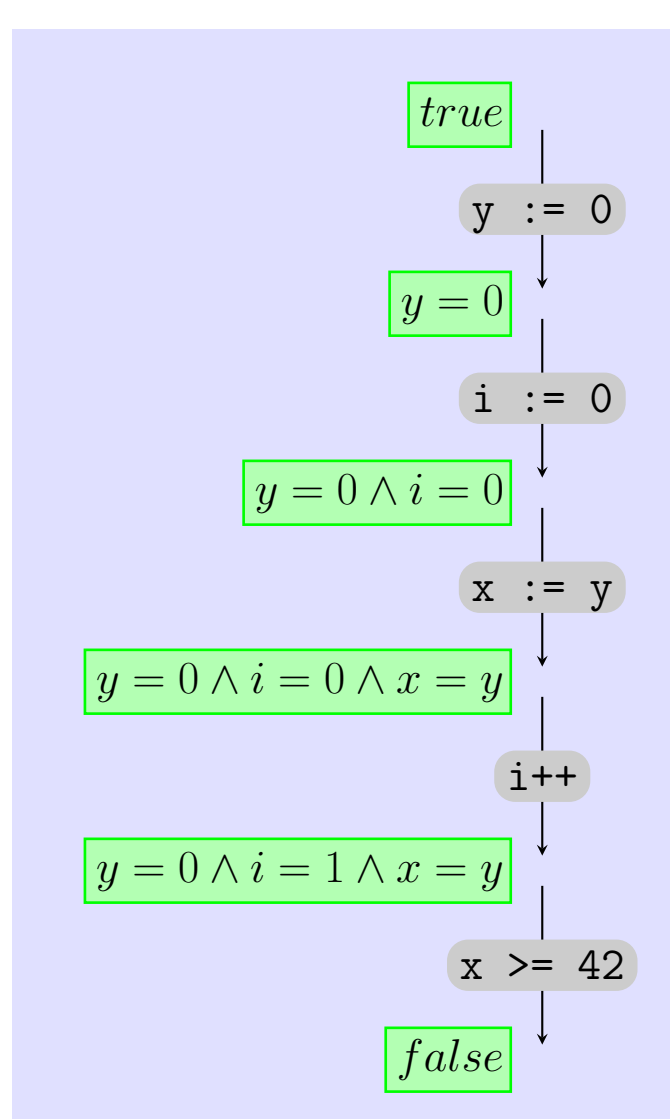
Definition Given an automaton $\mathcal{A} = (Q, \delta, q_{\text{init}}, Q_{\text{final}})$ over the alphabet of program statements, we call a mapping that assigns to each state $q \in Q$ a predicate φ_q a *Floyd-Hoare annotation for automaton \mathcal{A}* if the following implications hold.

$$\begin{aligned}
 (q, \mathcal{t}, q') \in \delta &\implies \{ \varphi_q \} \mathcal{t} \{ \varphi_{q'} \} \text{ is a valid Hoare triple} \\
 q = q_{\text{init}} &\implies \varphi_q = \text{true} \\
 q \in Q_{\text{final}} &\implies \varphi_q = \text{false}
 \end{aligned}$$

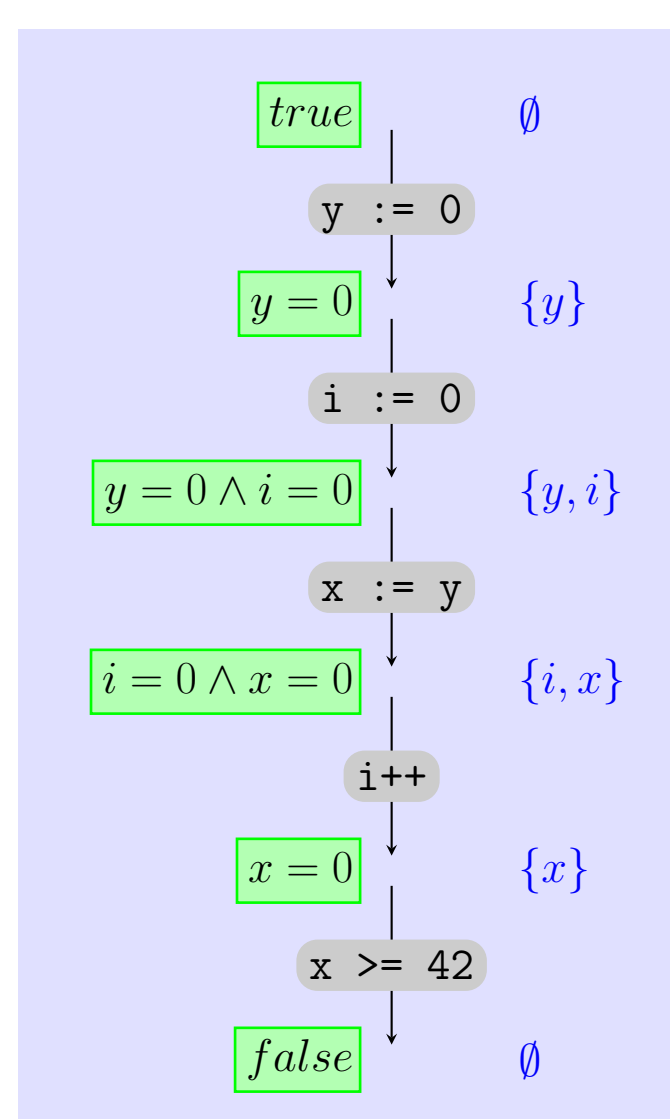
Theorem If an automaton \mathcal{A} has a Floyd-Hoare annotation, then \mathcal{A} recognizes a set of infeasible traces.

Interpolation with unsatisfiable cores

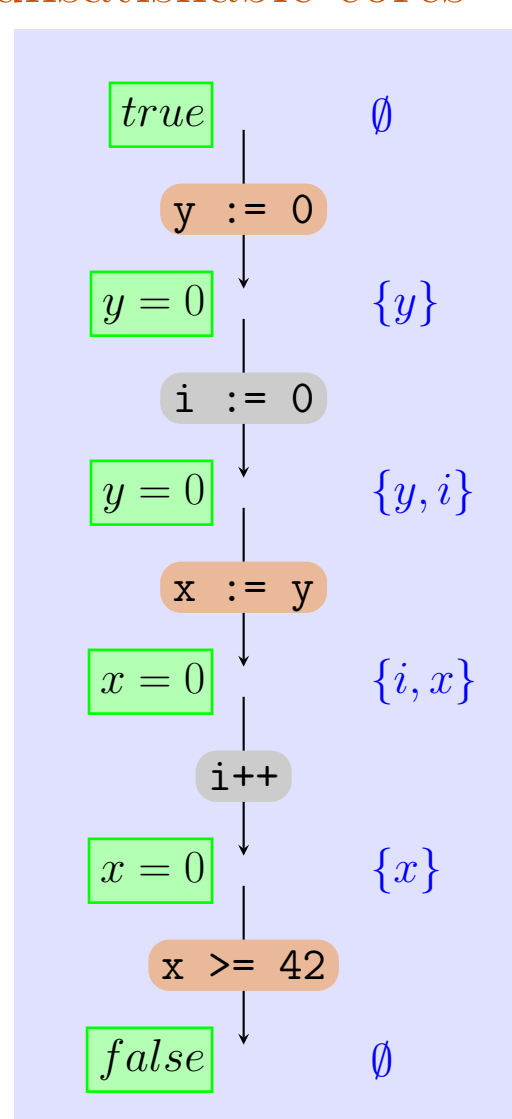
Level 1: “interpolation” via
 • strongest post



Level 2: interpolation via
 • strongest post
 • live variable analysis



Level 3: interpolation via
 • strongest post
 • live variable analysis
 • unsatisfiable cores



Algorithm (for level 3)

- Input: infeasible trace $\mathcal{t}_1, \dots, \mathcal{t}_n$ and unsatisfiable core $\text{UC} \subseteq \{ \mathcal{t}_1, \dots, \mathcal{t}_n \}$
- Replace each statement that does not occur in UC by a skip statement or a havoc statement.

assume statement	$\psi \rightsquigarrow$	skip
assignment statement	$\text{x} := \text{t} \rightsquigarrow$	havoc x
- Compute sequence of predicates $\varphi_0, \dots, \varphi_n$ iteratively using the strongest post predicate transformer. sp

$$\begin{aligned}
 \varphi_0 &:= \text{true} \\
 \varphi_{i+1} &:= sp(\varphi_i, \mathcal{t}_{i+1})
 \end{aligned}$$
- Eliminate each variable from predicate φ_i that is not live at position i of the trace.
- Output: sequence of predicates $\varphi_0, \dots, \varphi_n$ which is a sequence of interpolants for the infeasible trace $\mathcal{t}_1, \dots, \mathcal{t}_n$