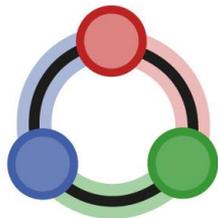


# Reachability analysis and neural-network controlled systems



Marcelo Forets



## JuliaReach



Christian Schilling



UNIVERSIDAD  
DE LA REPÚBLICA  
URUGUAY



**CURE**  
Centro Universitario  
Regional del Este

Presentation at



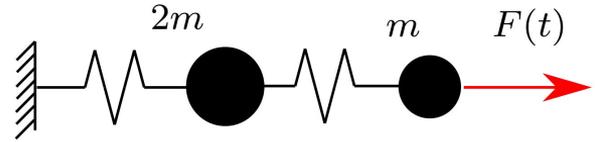
Massachusetts  
Institute of  
Technology

19th Oct' 2021



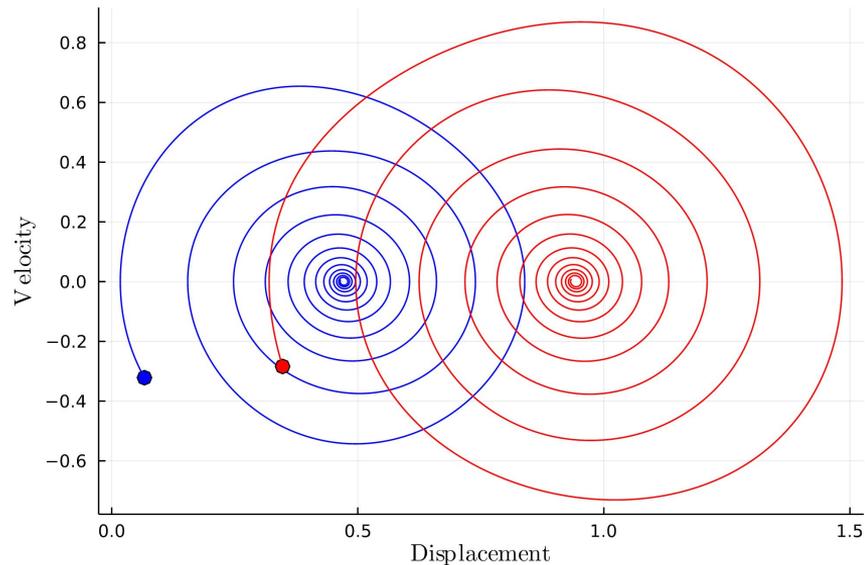
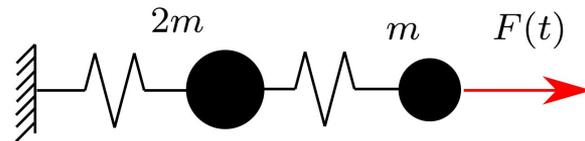
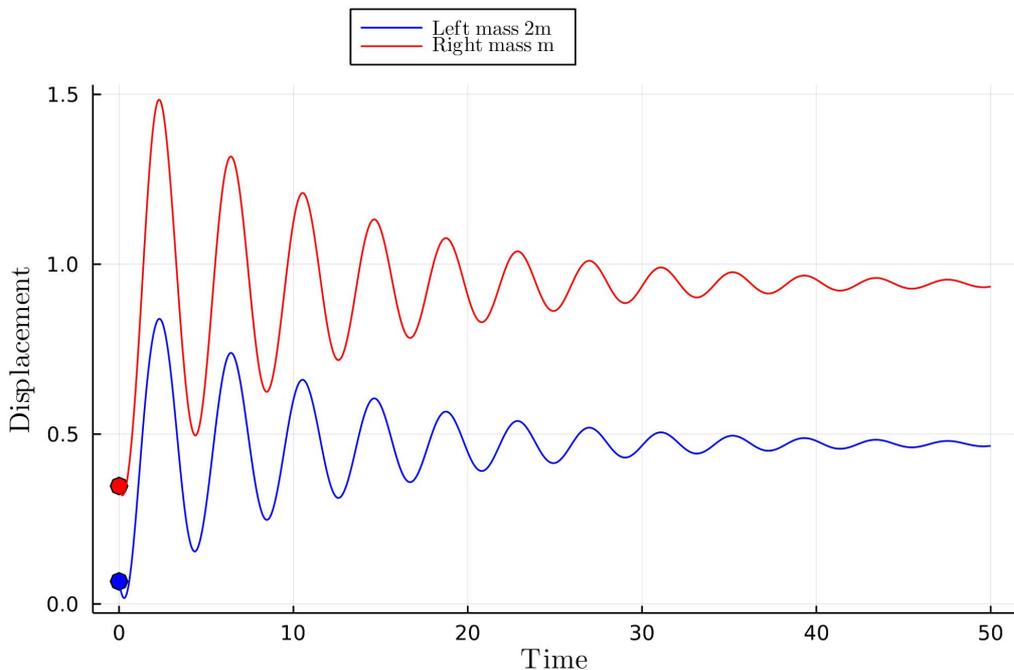
**AALBORG UNIVERSITY**  
DENMARK

# What is reachability?



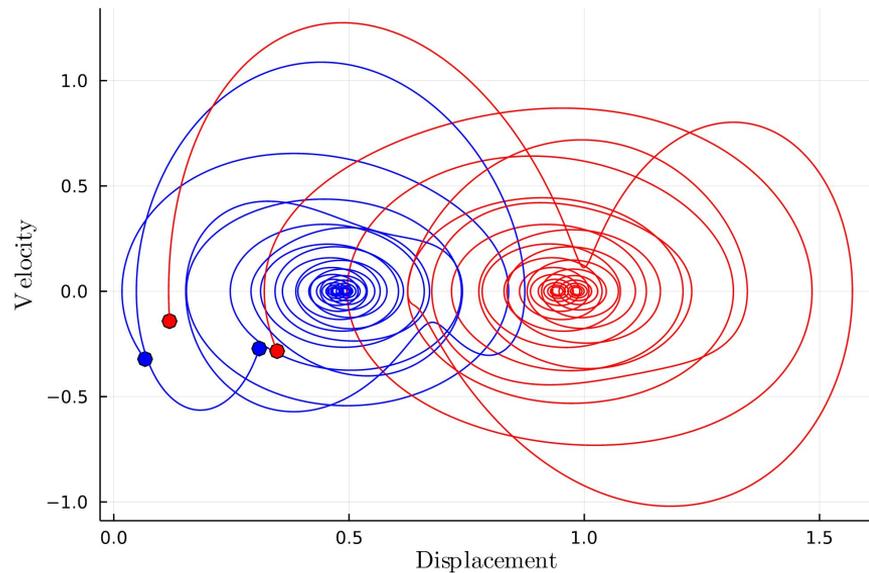
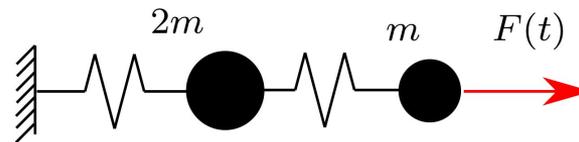
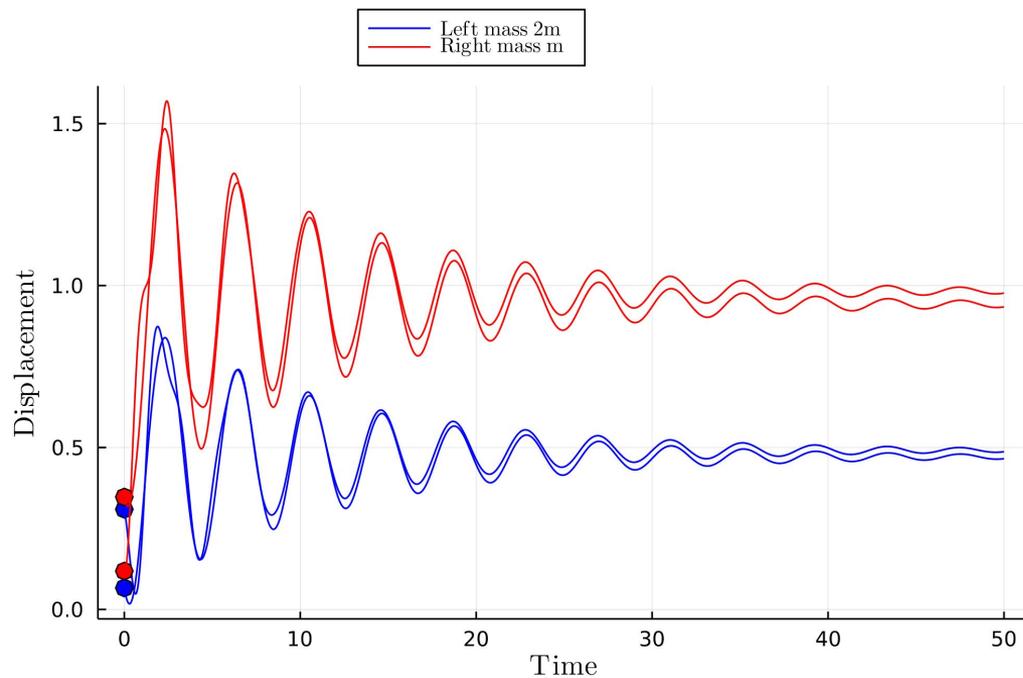
Example taken from <https://github.com/JuliaReach/SetPropagation-FEM-JuliaCon21>, presented at the JuliaCon'2021 Set Propagation Methods in Julia: Techniques and Applications. **Submitted to JuliaCon'21 Proceedings (extended abstract).**

# What is reachability?



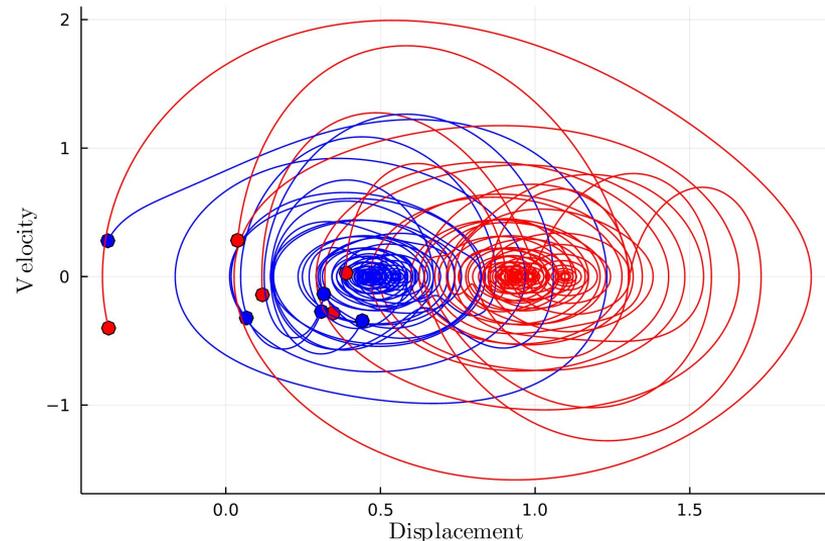
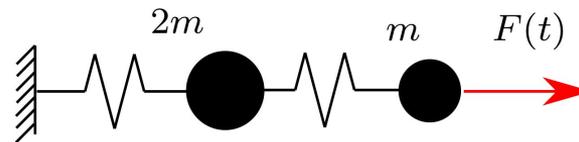
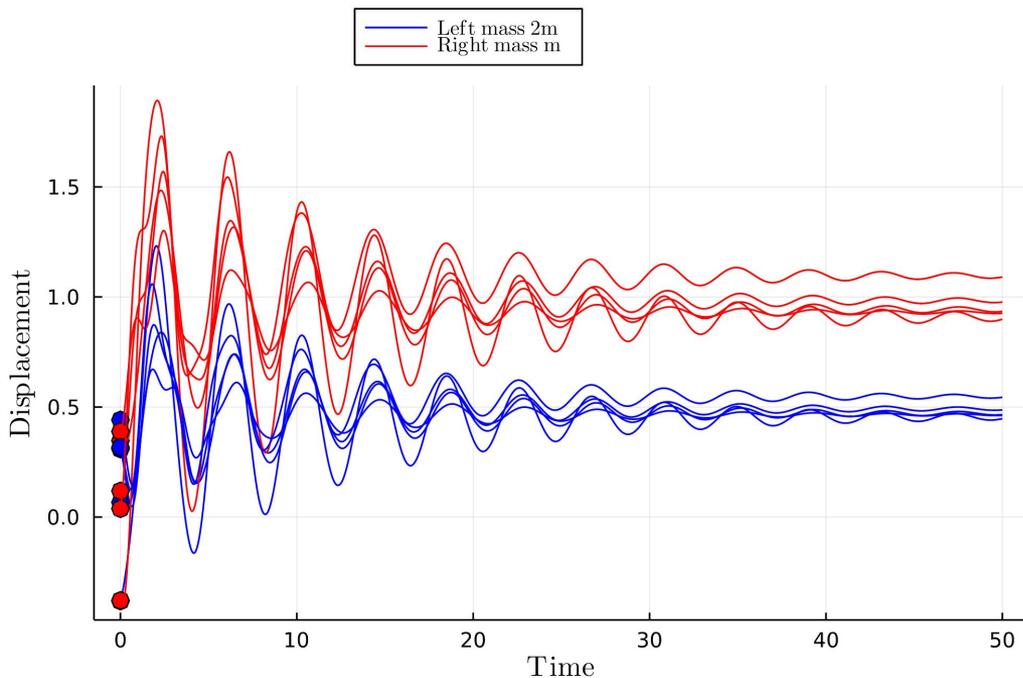
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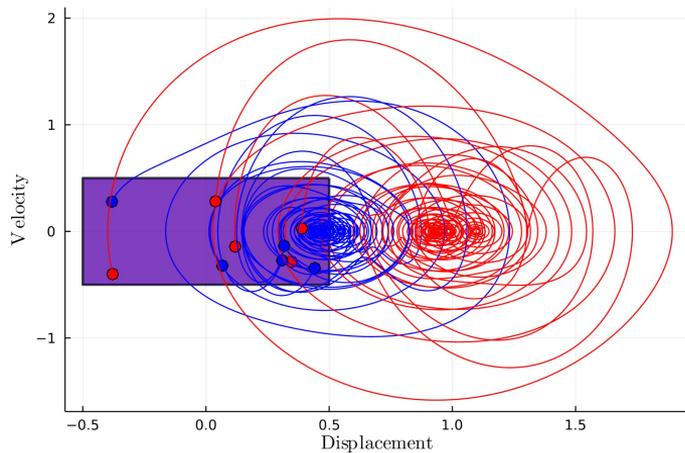
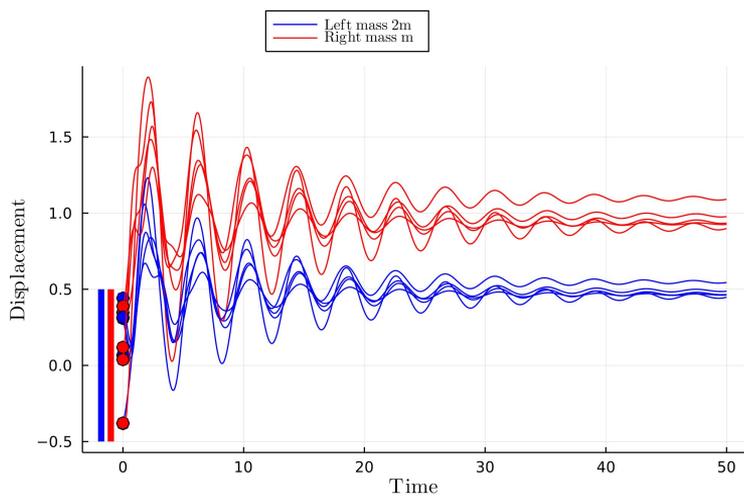
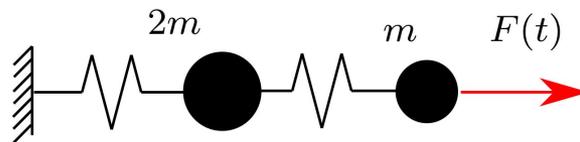
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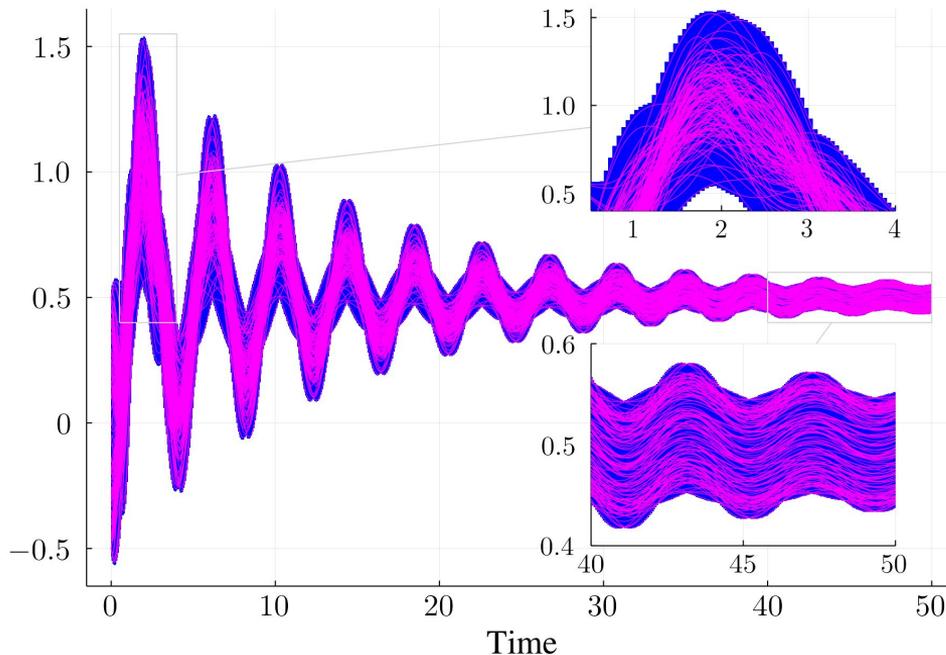
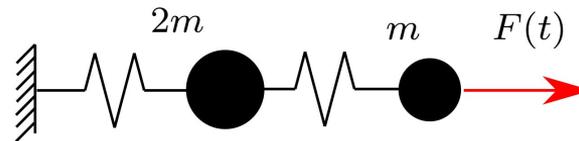
# What is reachability?



Reachability is a numerical method to compute sets of states reachable by dynamical systems for *all initial states* and all admissible *parameters* and *inputs*

Example taken from <https://github.com/JuliaReach/SetPropagation-FEM-JuliaCon21>, presented at the JuliaCon'2021 Set Propagation Methods in Julia: Techniques and Applications. Submitted to JuliaCon'21 Proceedings (extended abstract).

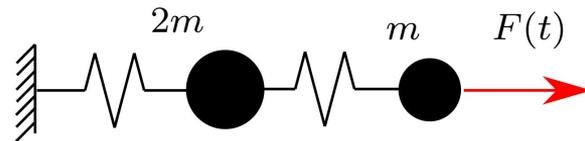
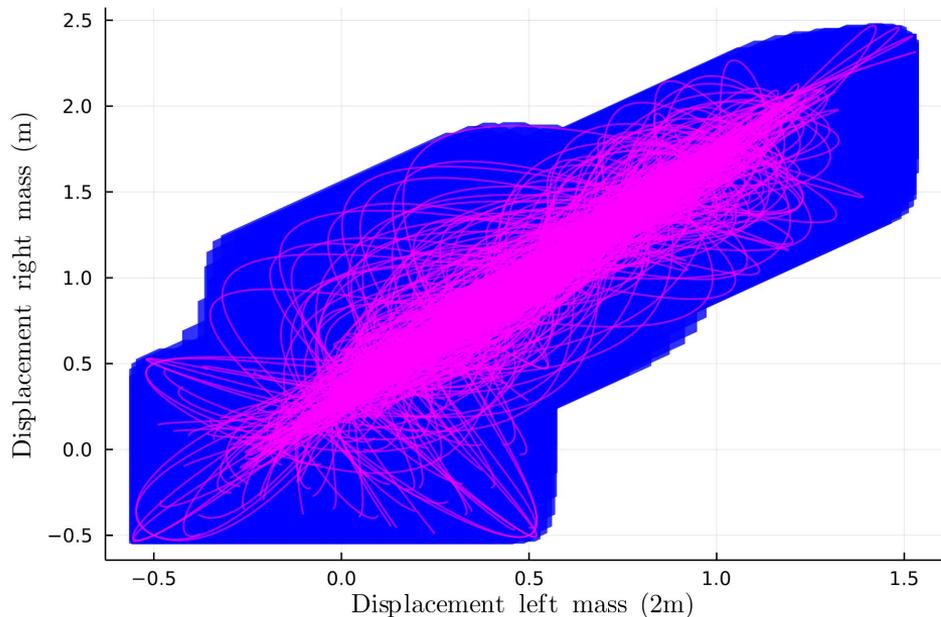
# What is reachability?



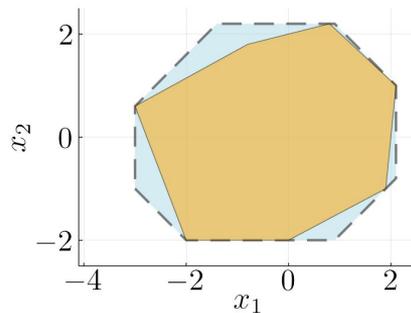
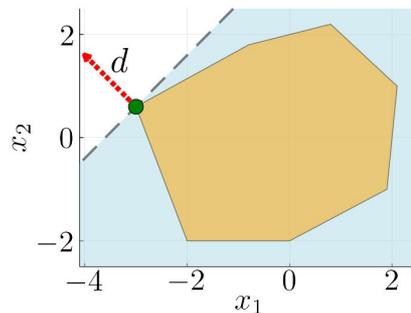
```
1 using ReachabilityAnalysis
2
3 # model parameters
4 m = 0.25; k = 2.0
5
6 # finite-element method assembled matrices
7 M = [2m 0; 0 m]; K = [2k -k; -k k]; C = (M+K)/20
8 F = [0.0, 1.0]; ΔF0 = Interval(0.9, 1.1)
9
10 # initial-value problem with uncertain initial conditions
11 U0 = BallInf(zeros(4), 0.5)
12 sys = SecondOrderLinearContinuousSystem(M, C, K, F)
13 prob = InitialValueProblem(homogenize(sys), U0 × ΔF0)
14
15 # solve using support function method (box directions)
16 solA = solve(prob, 50, LGG09(δ=5e-2, dirs=:box, dim=5))
```

Example taken from <https://github.com/JuliaReach/SetPropagation-FEM-JuliaCon21>, presented at the JuliaCon'2021 Set Propagation Methods in Julia: Techniques and Applications. Submitted to JuliaCon'21 Proceedings (extended abstract).

# What is reachability?

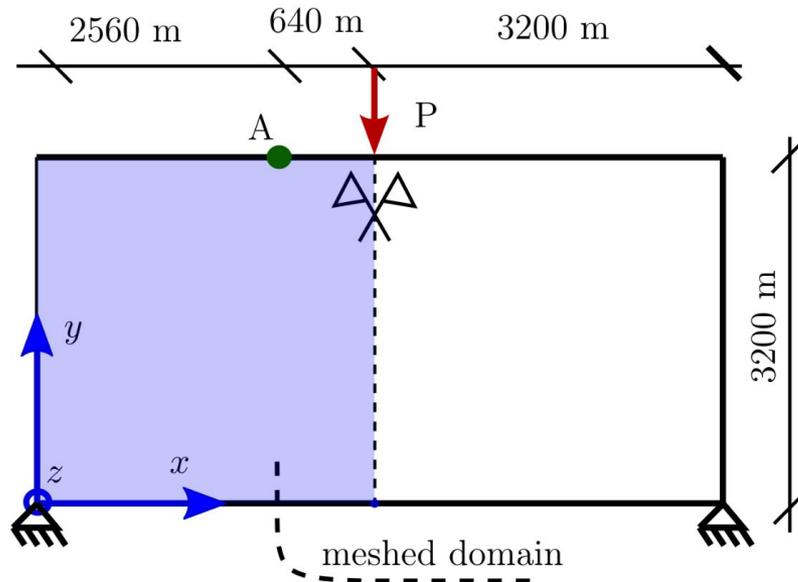


```
1 # solve using octagonal template directions
2 solB = solve(prob, 50, LGG09(δ=5e-2, dirs=:oct, dim=5))
```

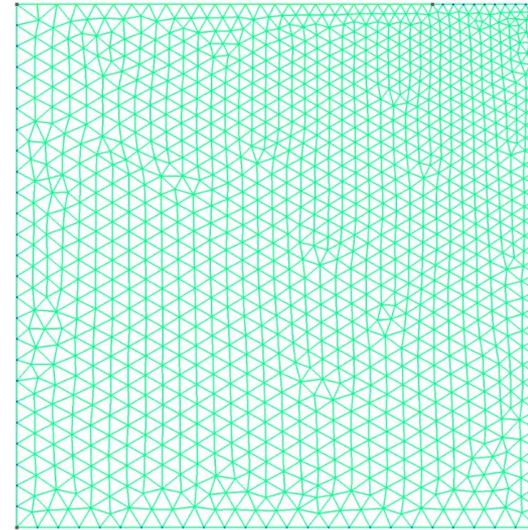


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# What is reachability?



(a) Diagram of domain and boundary conditions considered.



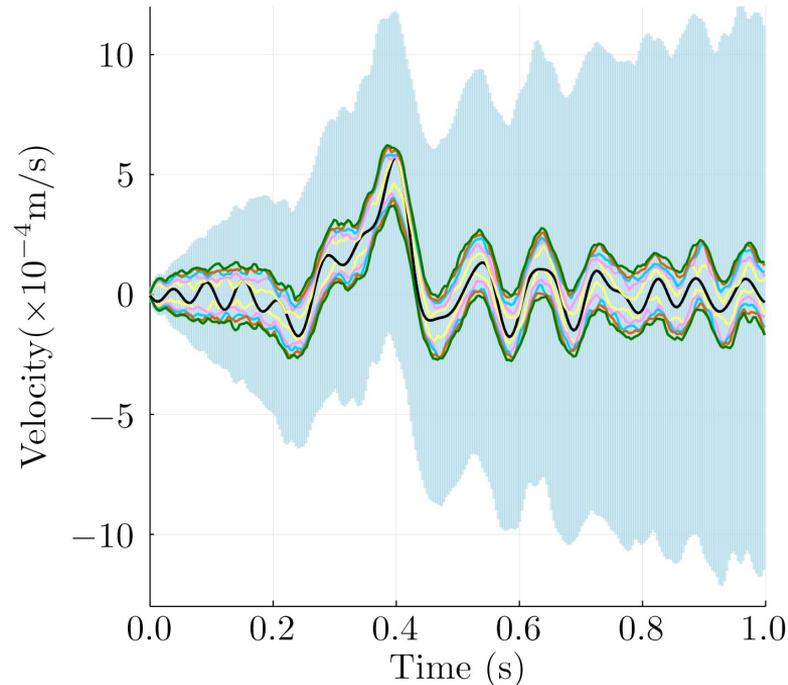
2235 linear  
triangular  
elements

1180 nodes

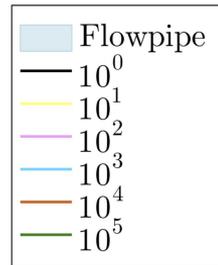
(b) Finite Element Method mesh used, formed by triangular elements.

See: *Combining Set Propagation with Finite Element Methods for Time Integration in Transient Solid Mechanics Problems*. Forets, Marcelo, Daniel F. Caporale, and Jorge M. Pérez Zepa. arXiv preprint [arXiv:2105.05841](https://arxiv.org/abs/2105.05841).  
**Accepted in Computers & Structures Journal (2021).**

# What is reachability?



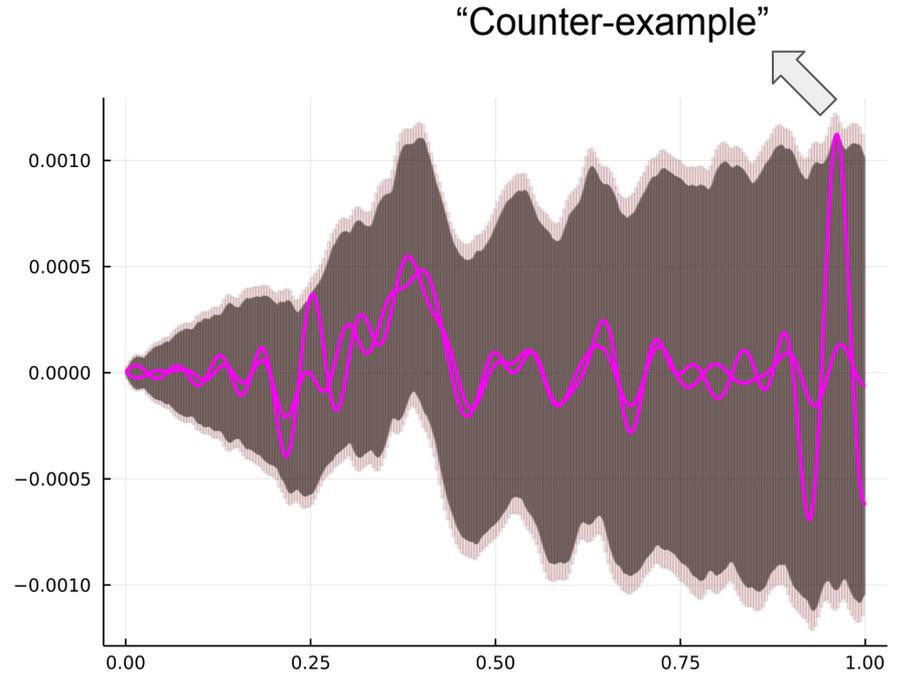
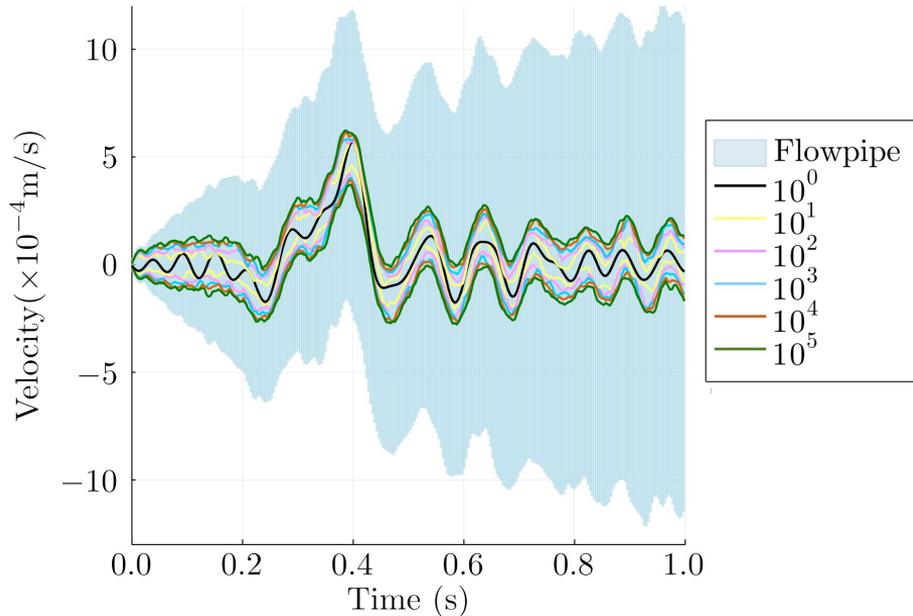
| Method          | # Trajectories | Time (s) | $\ v_{env}\ _{L_1}$ ( $10^{-5}$ ) | $\ v_{env}\ _{L_\infty}$ ( $10^{-5}$ ) |
|-----------------|----------------|----------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Newmark         | 1              | 0.3      | 9.27                              | 56.98                                  |
| Newmark         | 10             | 2.0      | 13.52                             | 57.53                                  |
| Newmark         | 100            | 17.7     | 16.61                             | 57.59                                  |
| Newmark         | 1000           | 175.5    | 18.52                             | 58.22                                  |
| Newmark         | 10000          | 1771.4   | 19.98                             | 61.18                                  |
| Newmark         | 100000         | 17796.1  | 21.42                             | 62.21                                  |
| Set Propagation | -              | 8.5      | 81.33                             | 122.25                                 |



See: *Combining Set Propagation with Finite Element Methods for Time Integration in Transient Solid Mechanics Problems*. Forets, Marcelo, Daniel F. Caporale, and Jorge M. Pérez Zepa. arXiv preprint [arXiv:2105.05841](https://arxiv.org/abs/2105.05841) (2021).

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# What is reachability?

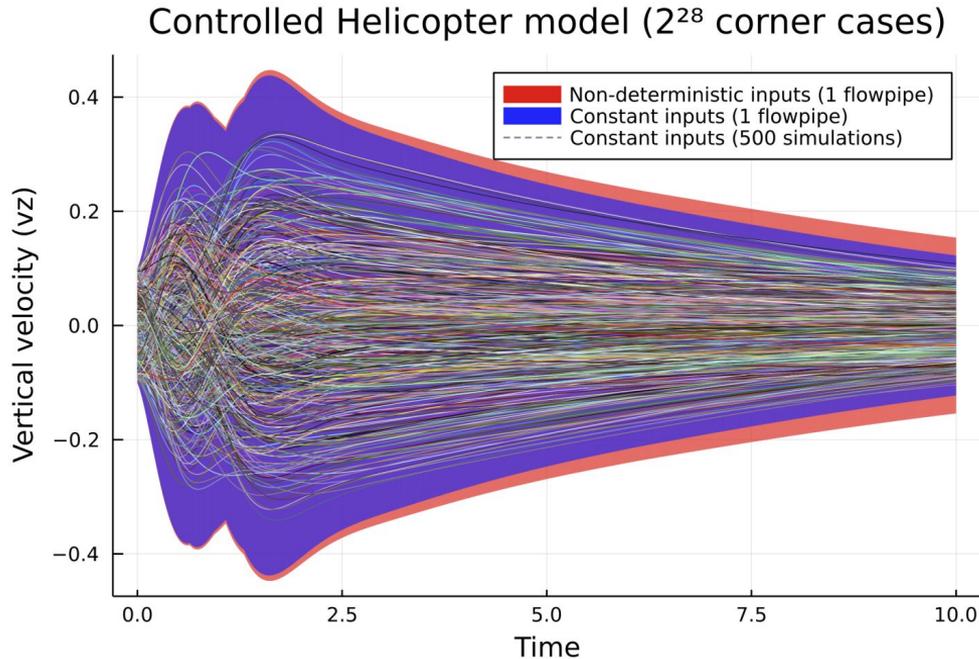


Reachability produces a sequence of sets (flowpipe) that converge to the exact reachable states when the time-step decreases

See: *Combining Set Propagation with Finite Element Methods for Time Integration in Transient Solid Mechanics Problems*. Forests, Marcelo, Daniel F. Caporale, and Jorge M. Pérez Zerpa. arXiv preprint [arXiv:2105.05841](https://arxiv.org/abs/2105.05841) (2021).

Accepted in *Computers & Structures Journal*.

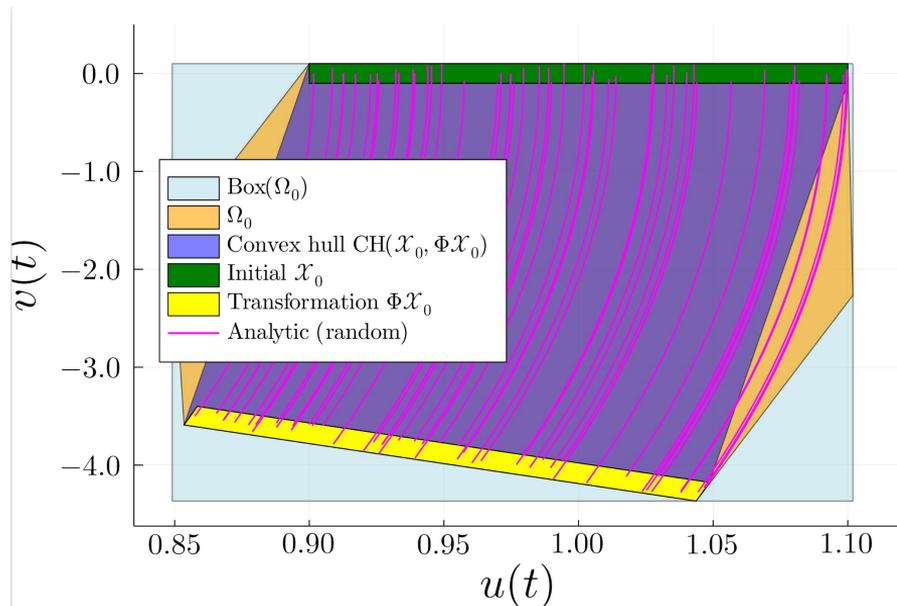
# What is reachability?



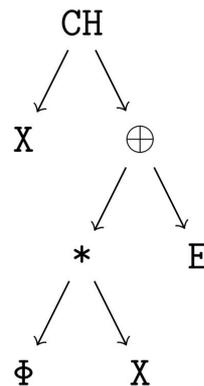
Reachability can be used to model *uncertain initial states*, non-deterministic inputs, non-deterministic transitions in hybrid systems, uncertain parameters and *noise*.

See: *Set propagation techniques for reachability analysis*. Matthias Althoff, Goran Frehse, and Antoine Girard. *Annual Review of Control, Robotics, and Autonomous Systems* 4 (2021): 369-395.

# LazySets.jl: Scalable Symbolic-Numeric Set Computations



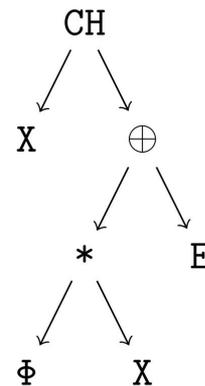
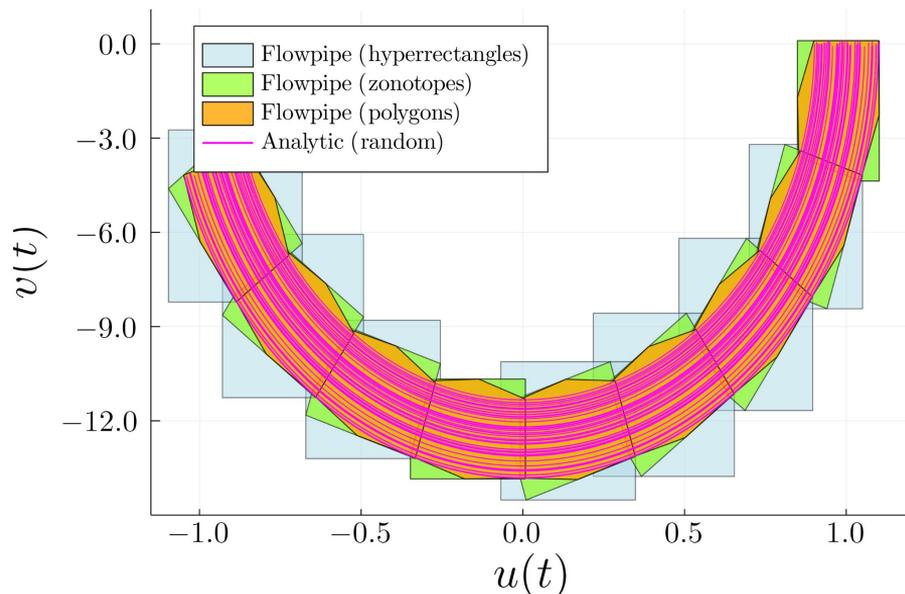
```
1 julia> Omega_0 = CH(X_0, Phi*X_0 ⊕ E_+)
```



Efficient set computations require specialized algorithms based on different combinations of *set type representations* and *operations* involved.

See: *LazySets.jl: Scalable Symbolic-Numeric Set Computations*. Marcelo Forets and Christian Schilling. arXiv preprint [arXiv:2110.01711](https://arxiv.org/abs/2110.01711) (2021). Submitted to JuliaCon'2021 (full paper).

# LazySets.jl: Scalable Symbolic-Numeric Set Computations

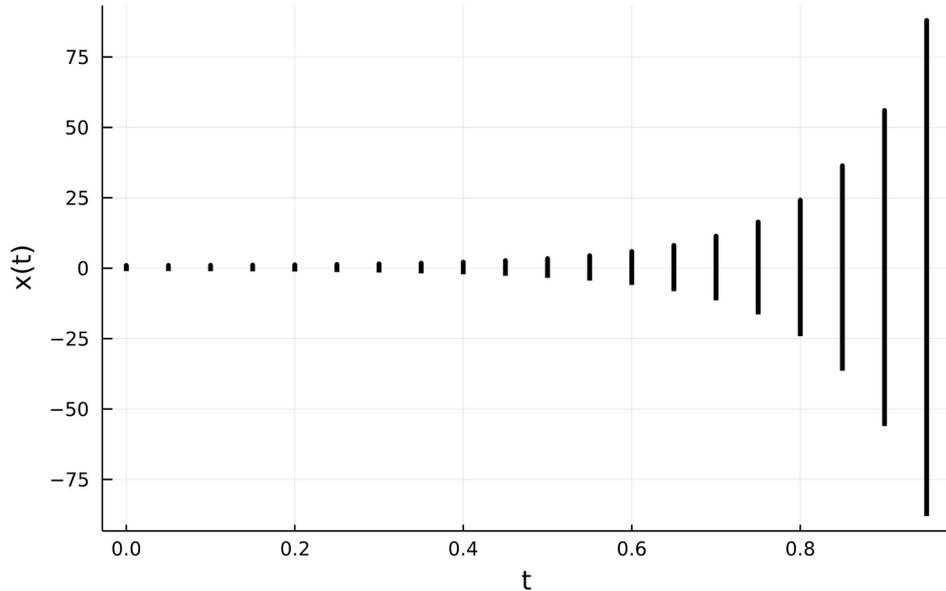


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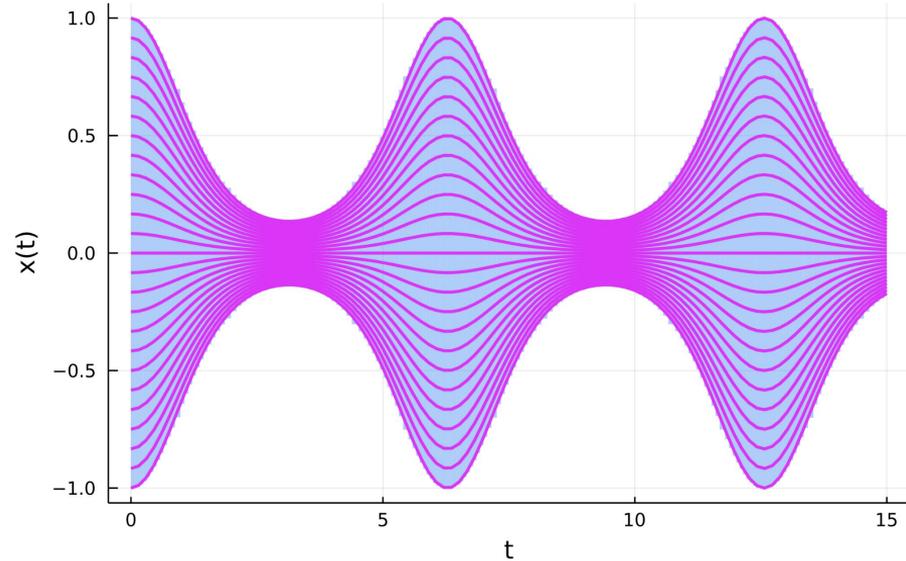
See: *LazySets.jl: Scalable Symbolic-Numeric Set Computations*. Marcelo Forets and Christian Schilling. arXiv preprint [arXiv:2110.01711](https://arxiv.org/abs/2110.01711) (2021). **Submitted to JuliaCon'2021 (full paper).**

# Nonlinear reachability

Standard integrator with an interval initial condition

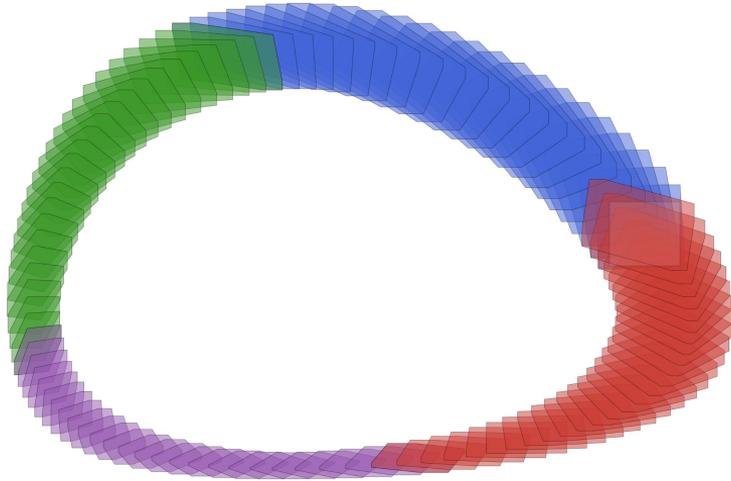


Specialized (Taylor-model based) integrator

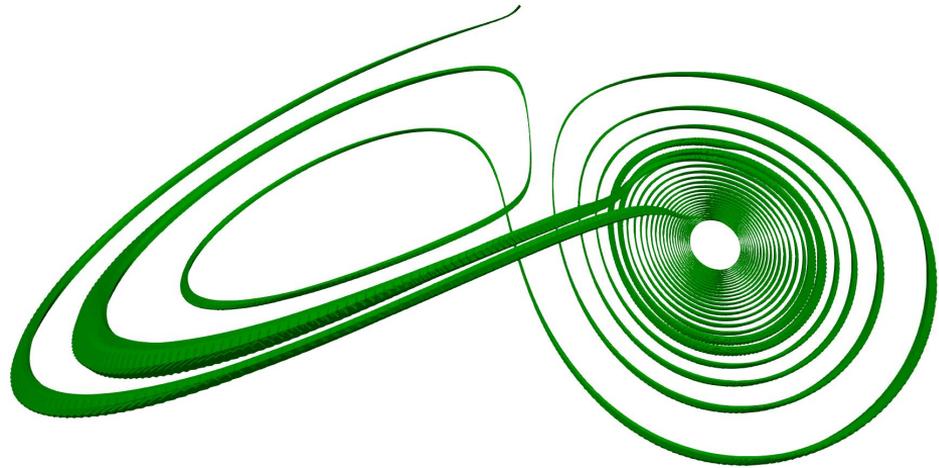


See: *It's all Set: A hands-on introduction to JuliaReach*. Marcelo Forets and Christian Schilling.  
**JuliaCon'2021 Workshop (available on youtube).**

# Nonlinear reachability



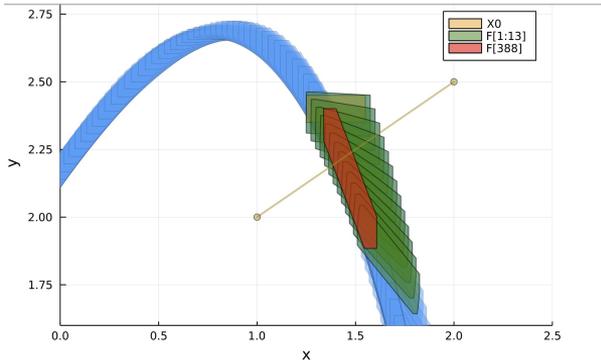
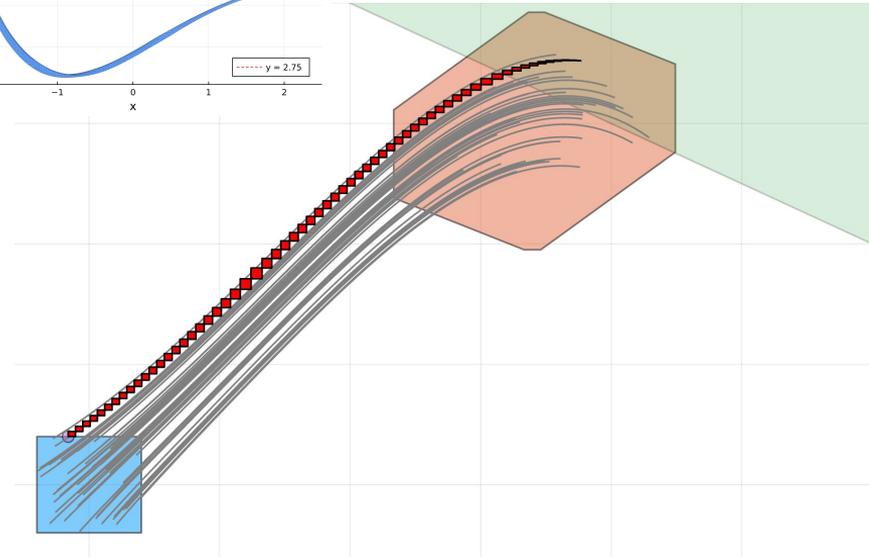
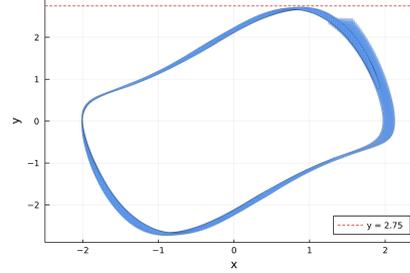
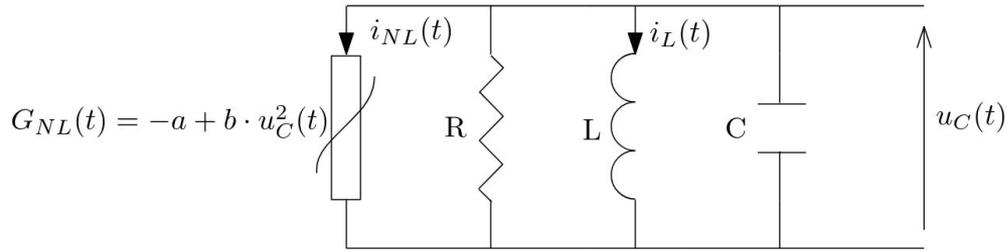
Van der pol system



Lorenz system

Main nonlinear reachability approaches are: invariant generation, optimization based-approaches, solution-space abstractions, and state-space abstractions.

# Parametric reachability



Optimization over reachable states

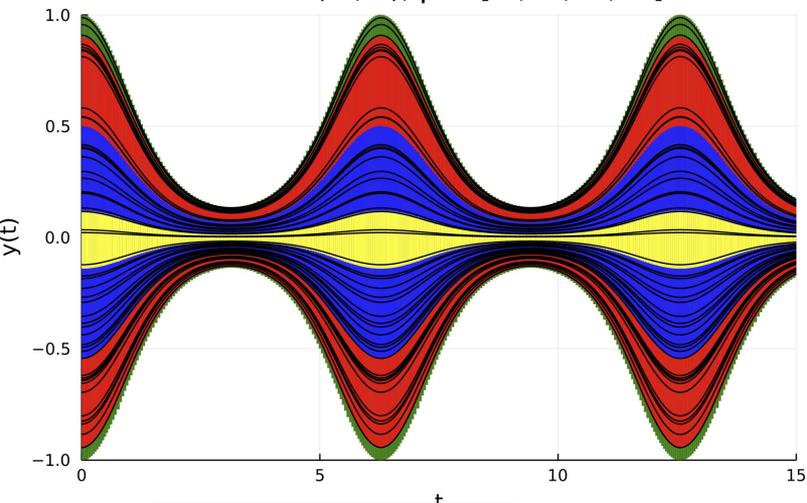
Find falsifying states

Controller synthesis

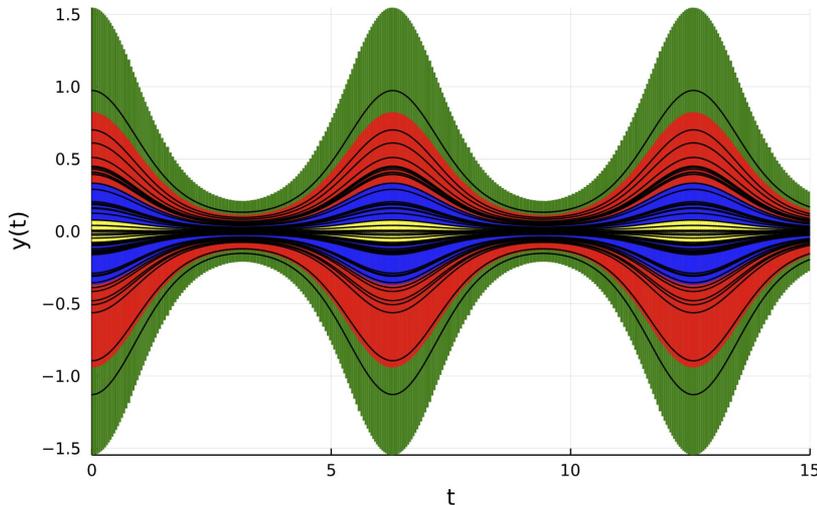
See: *Parameter sweep of oscillating circuits using Taylor-model flowpipe subset relations (2021). In preparation.*

# Probabilistic reachability

$U_0 \sim U(-1, 1), p \in [.1, .5, .9, 1.]$



$U_0 \sim N(0, 0.5), p \in [.1, .5, .9, 1.]$



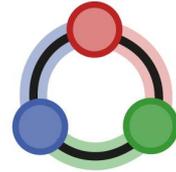
Find enclosing  
probability bounds

Flowpipe confidence intervals

Propagate initial cdf through a  
differential equation at time intervals

See: *Verified propagation of imprecise probabilities in nonlinear ODEs (2021)*. In preparation.

# What we aim to do



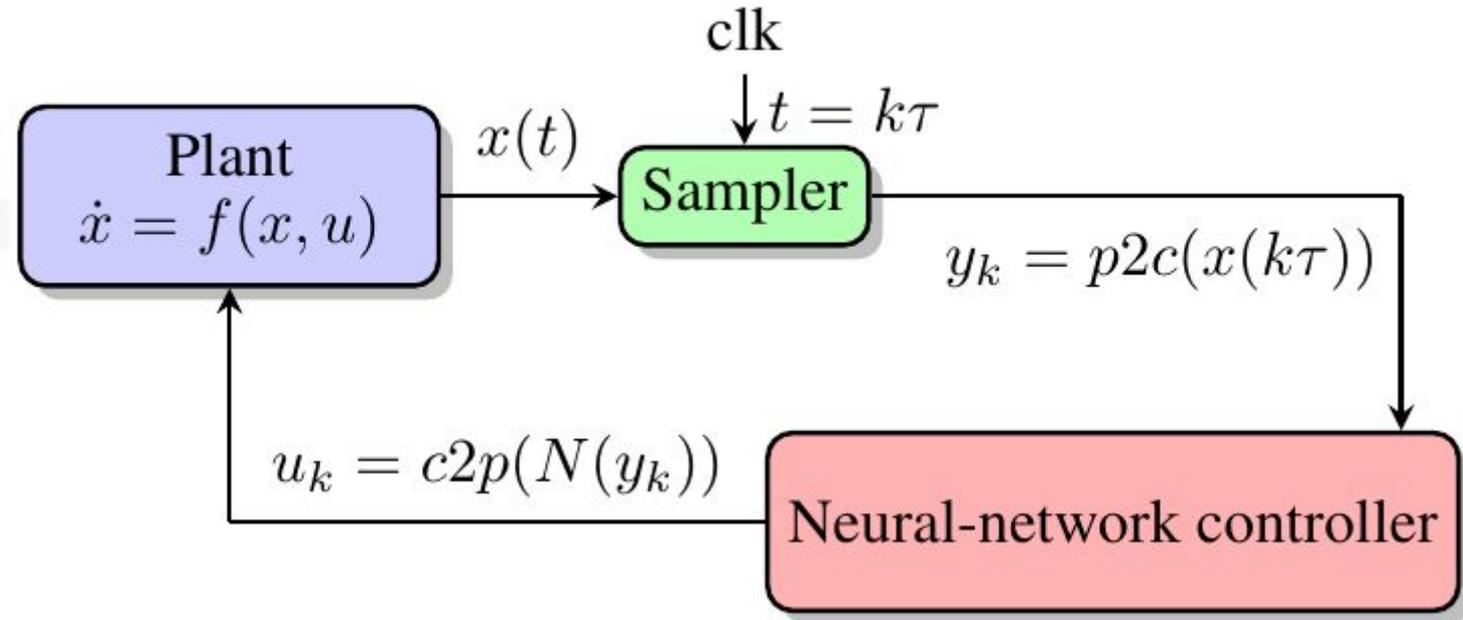
**JuliaReach**

Advance the  
state-of-the-art working on  
*fundamental* problems

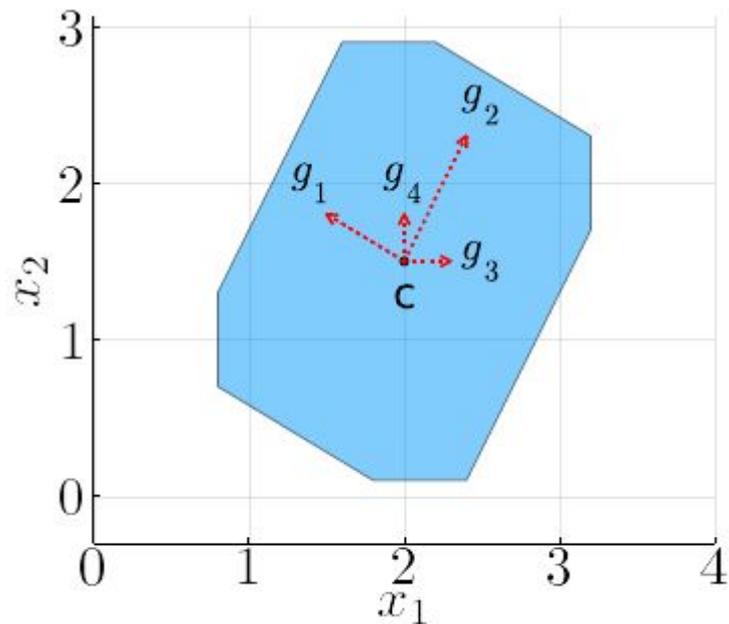
Build comprehensive,  
efficient, correct,  
reproducible, well  
documented libraries

Widen the applicability  
of reachability analysis  
for scientists & engineers

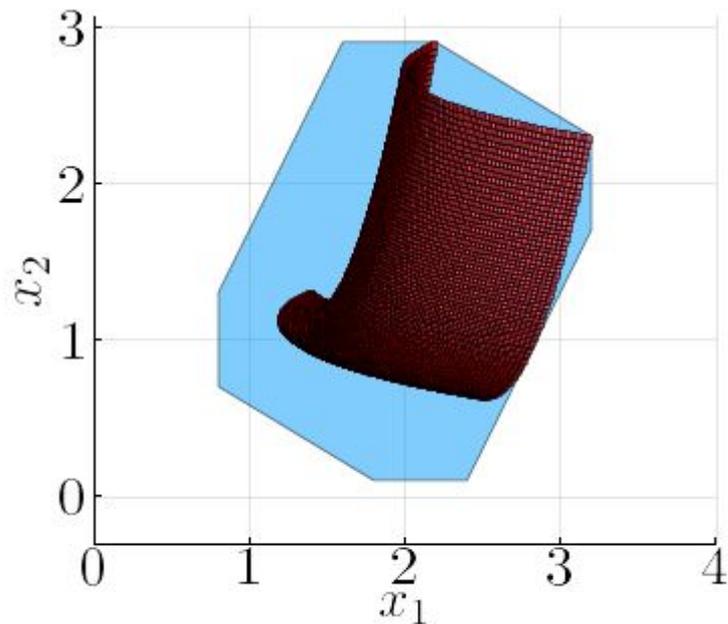
# Neural-network control systems



# Set representations for neural-network control systems



(a) Zonotope.



(b) Taylor model.

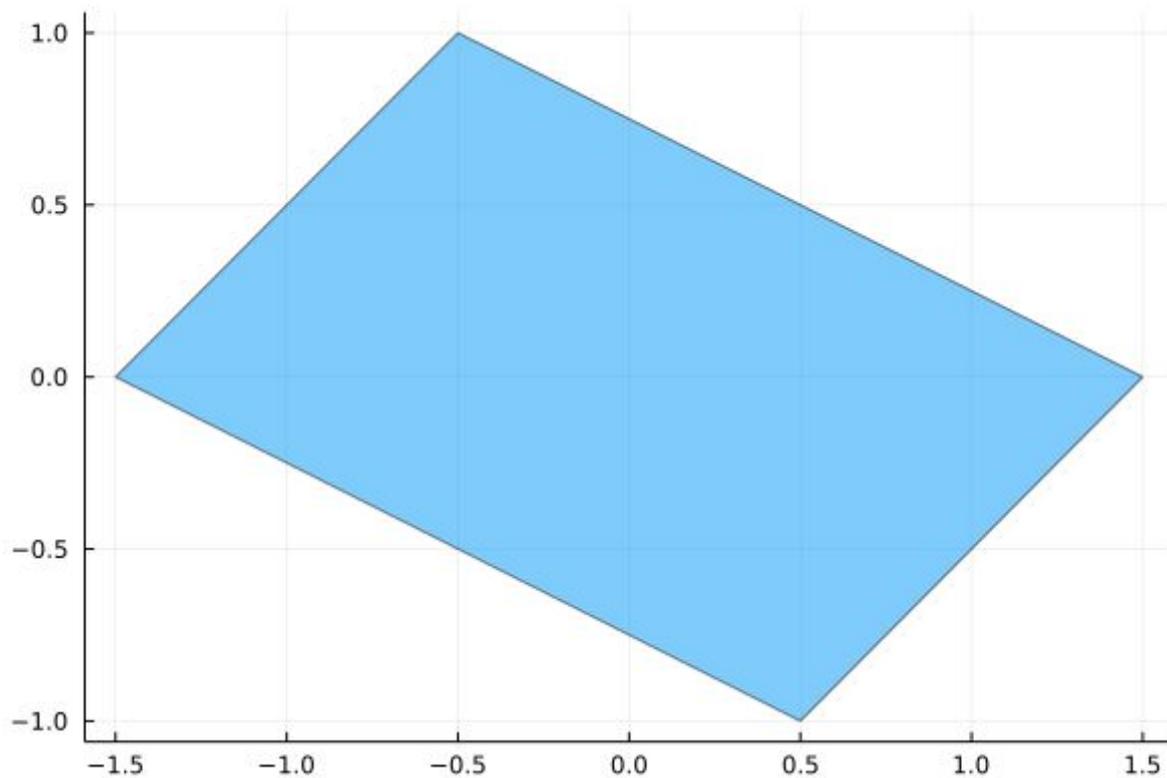
# Value propagation in neural networks

$$\sigma(Wx + b)$$

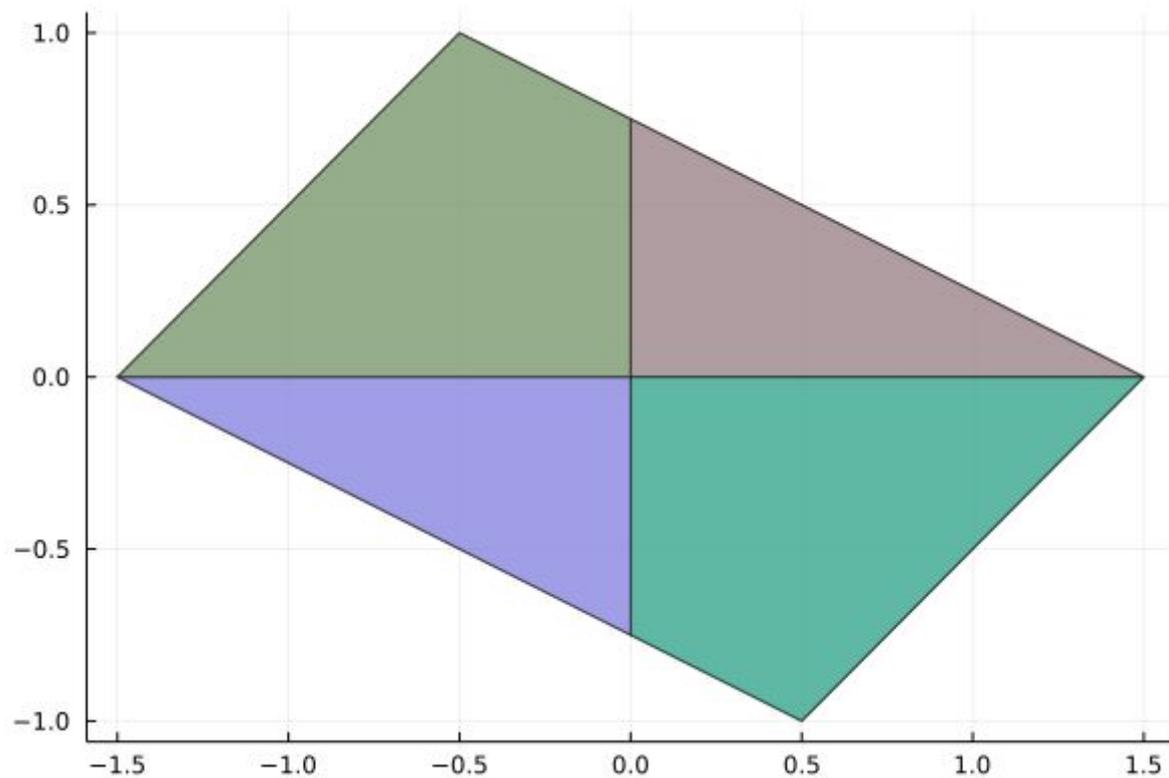
$$\sigma(v_1, \dots, v_n) = (\sigma(v_1), \dots, \sigma(v_n))$$

$$\sigma(a) = \max(a, 0) \quad \text{ReLU activation function}$$

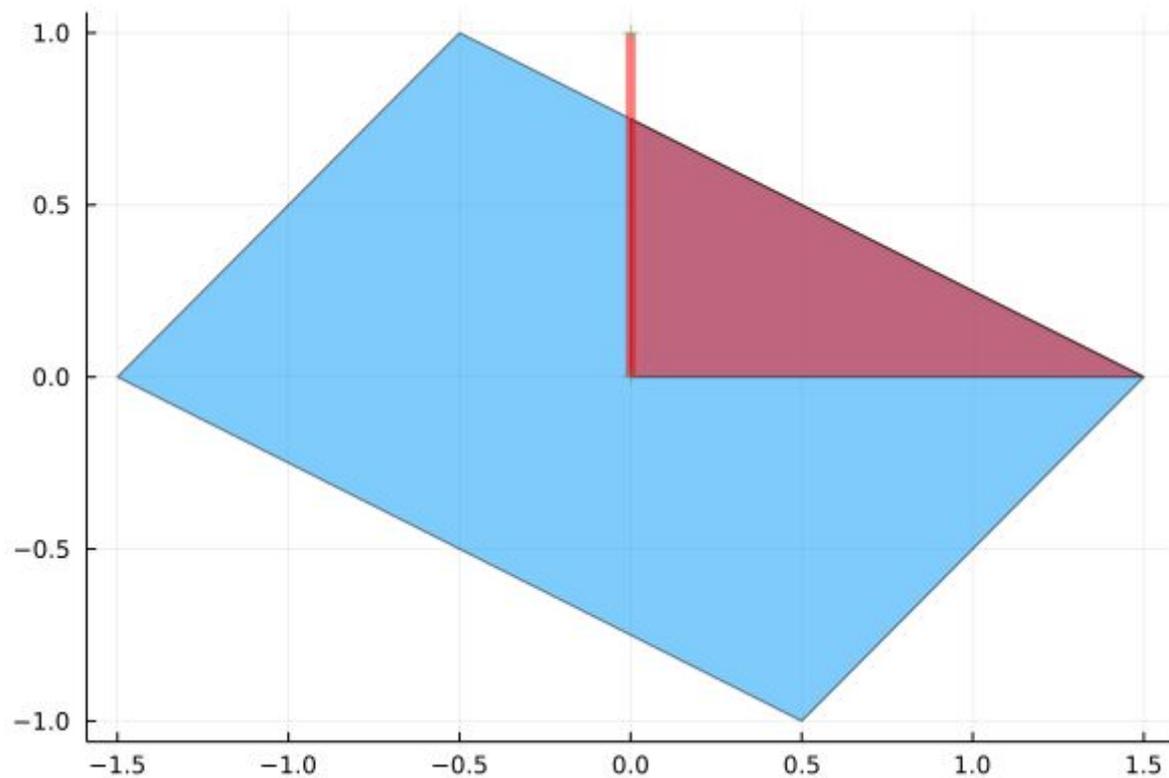
# Set propagation through ReLU operation



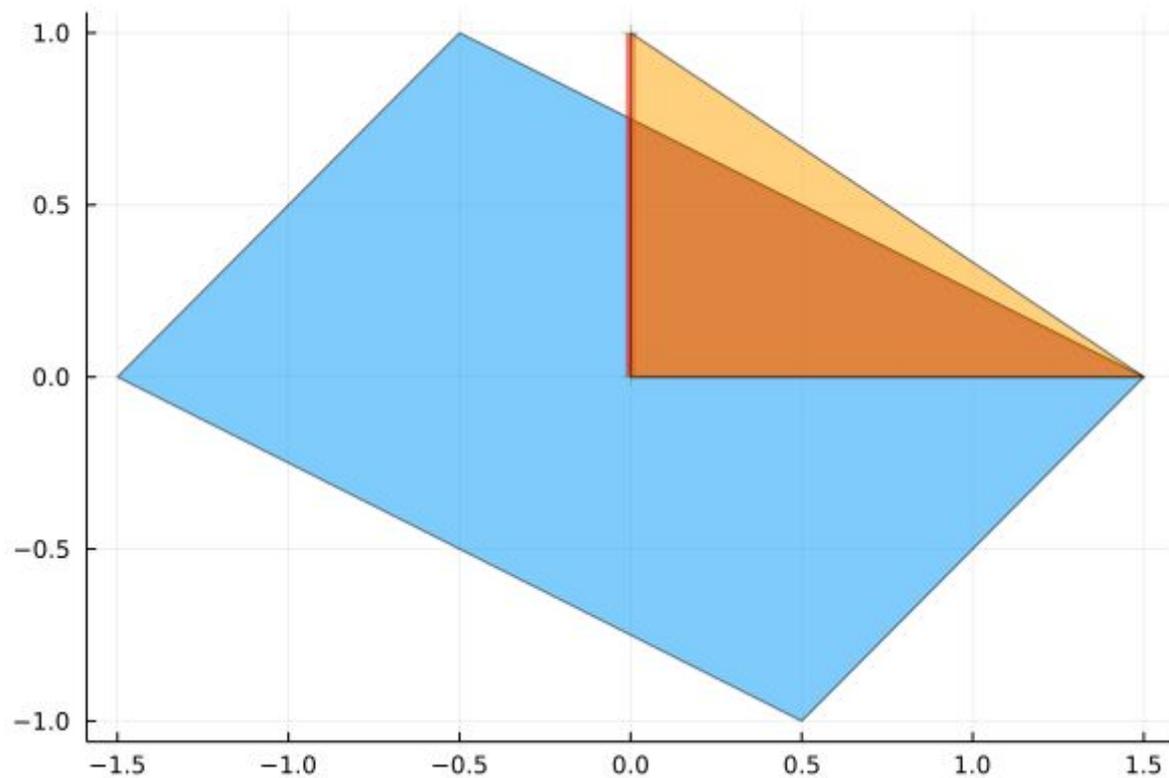
# Set propagation through ReLU operation



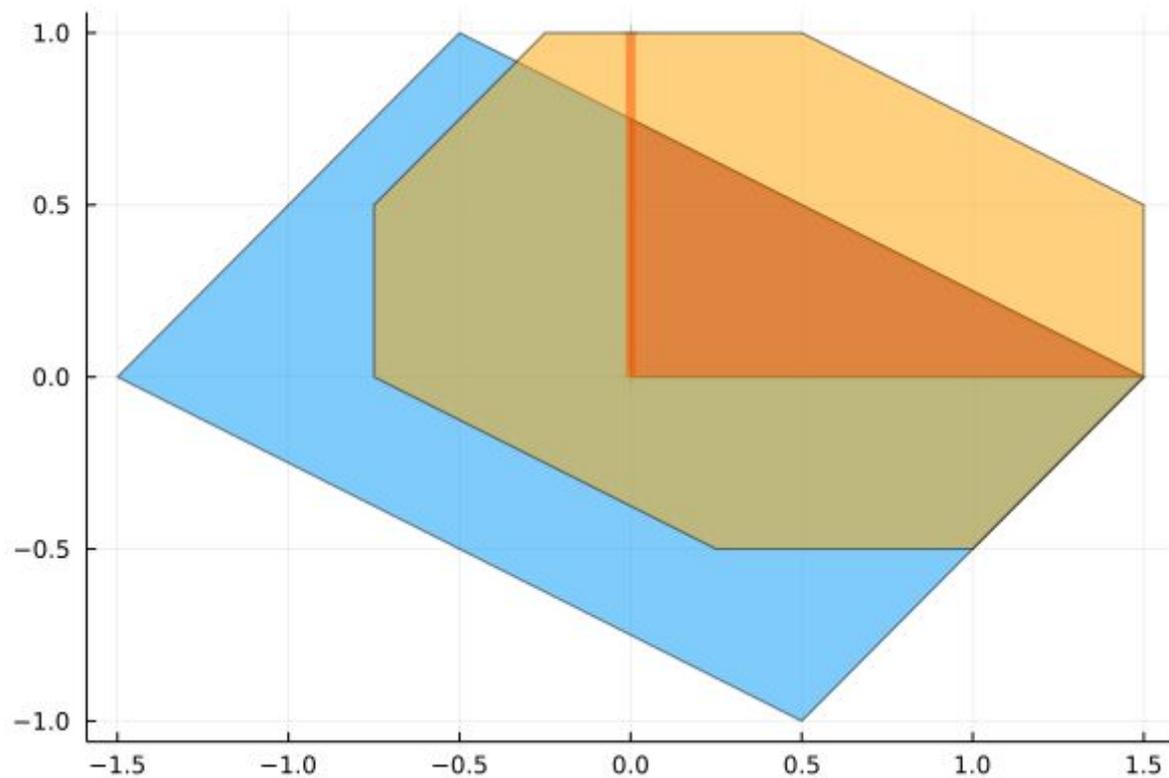
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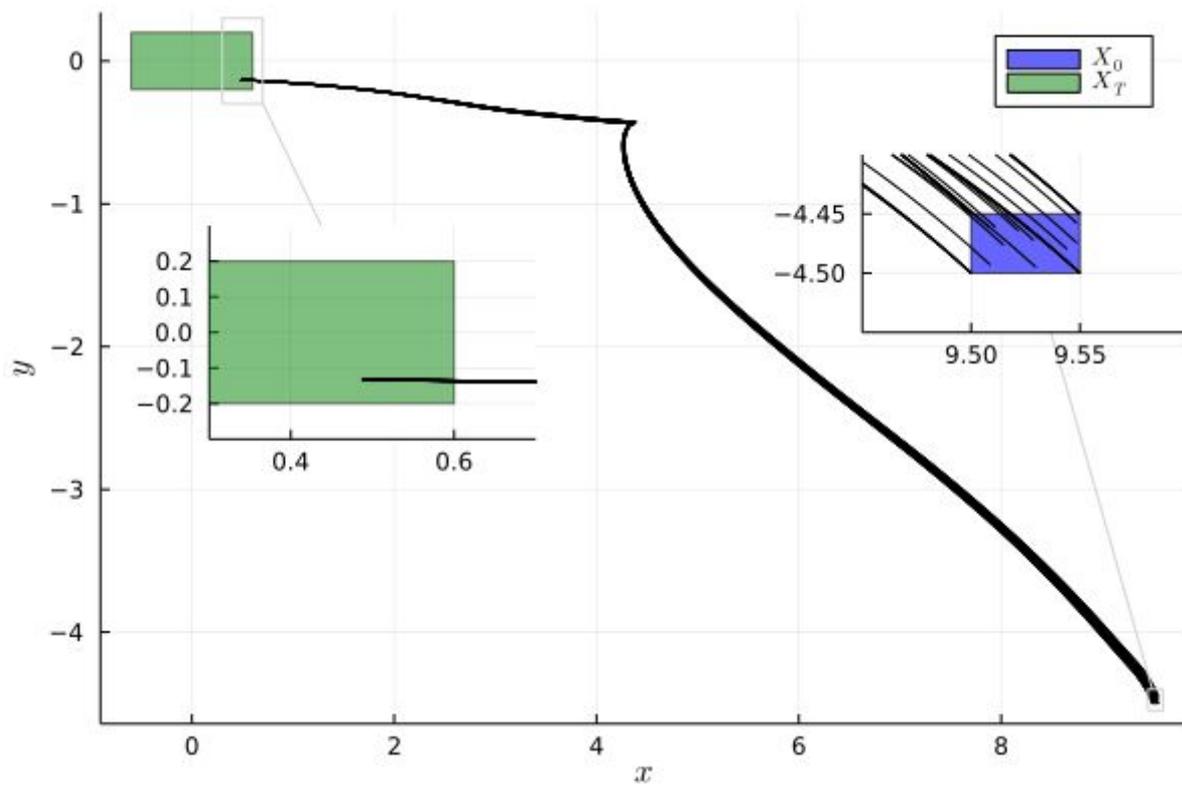
# Set propagation through ReLU operation



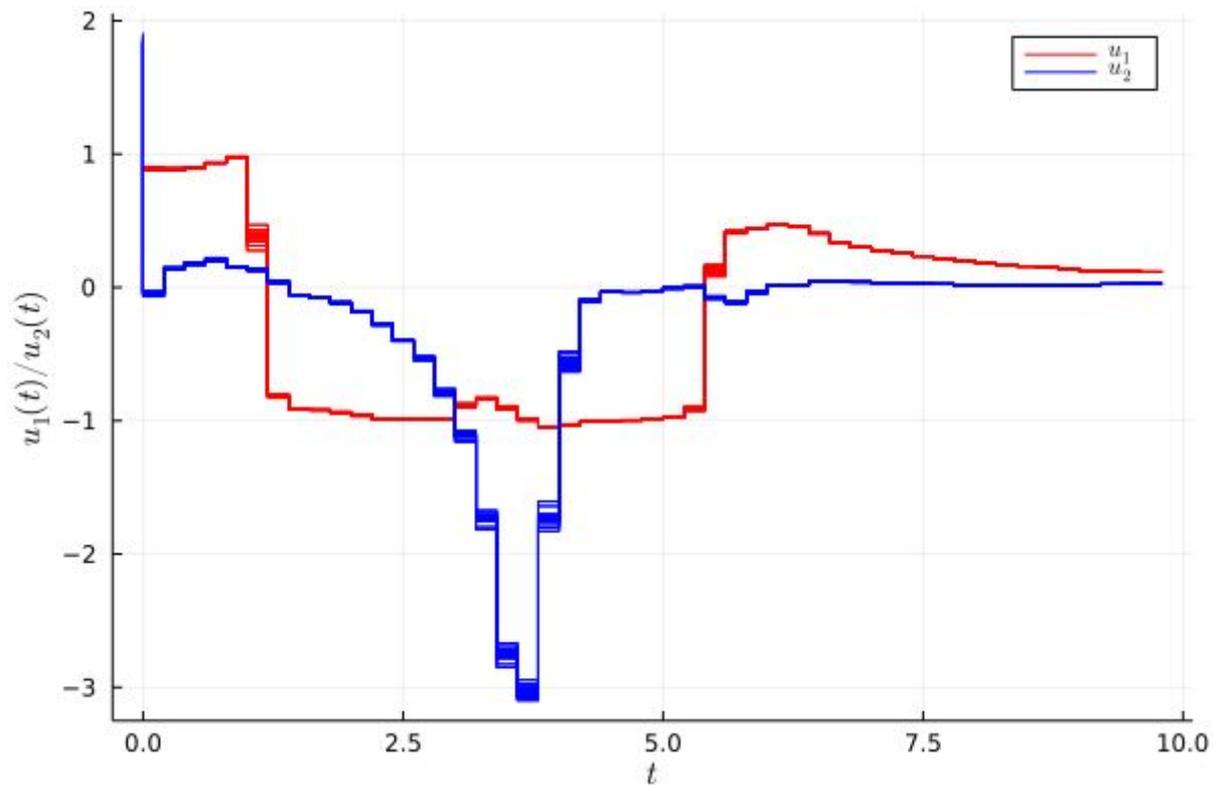
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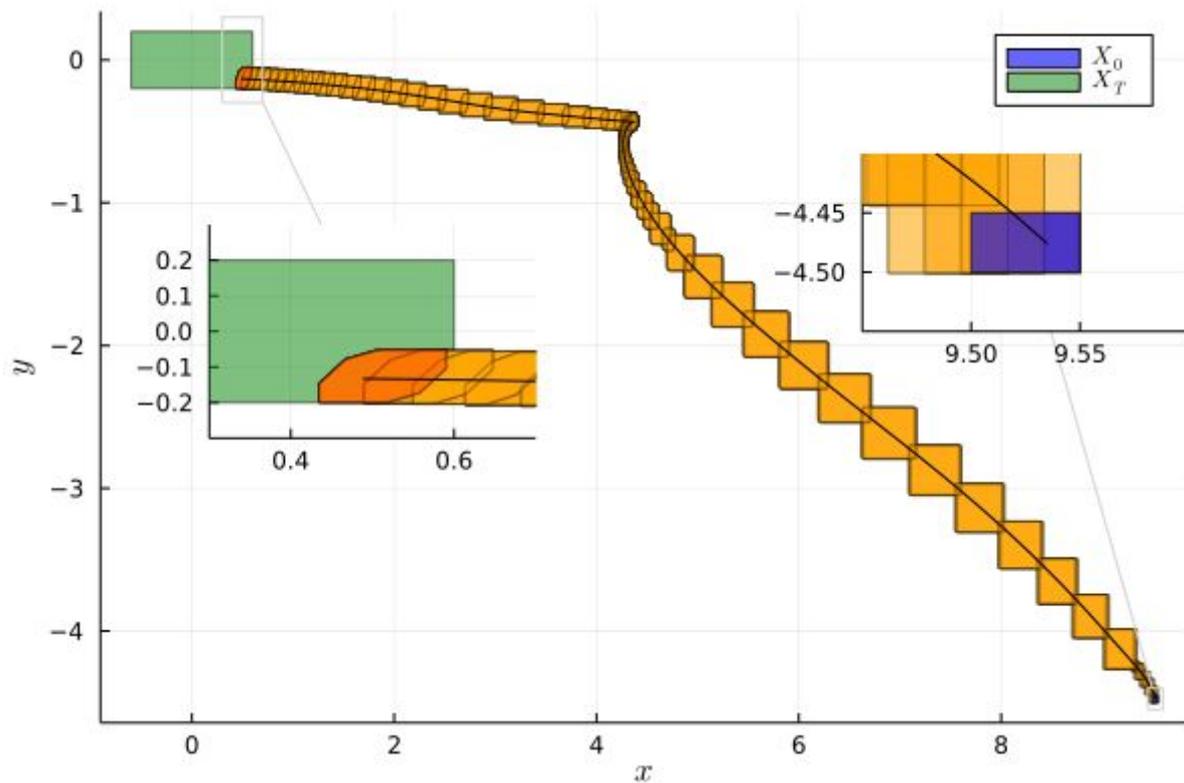
# Unicycle model - Simulations



# Unicycle model - Control inputs in simulations



# Unicycle model - Reachability analysis



JuliaReach

*(Verification of neural-network control systems by integrating Taylor models and zonotopes, submitted)*